






Care settings & stakeholders

	Toddler 0–2 years 	Preschool 3–5 years 	Tween 9–12 years 	Adolescence 13–17 years 	Late Adolescence 18–21 years 
Care Settings	Home care, primary pediatric care, early childhood development programs (e.g., daycares).	Home, pre-schools, pediatric primary care, some specialized care settings (e.g., speech therapy).	Home, schools, primary care, more frequent specialized care (e.g., for chronic conditions like asthma or ADHD).	Home, high schools, primary and specialized care, mental health services (e.g., therapy), sports and extracurricular care (e.g., athletic trainers).	College/university settings, adult healthcare systems, mental health services, work environments.
Stakeholders	Parents, pediatricians, early childhood educators, child development specialists.	Parents, pediatricians, pre-school teachers, early intervention specialists, speech therapists.	Parents, teachers, school nurses, pediatricians, specialists, social workers, mental health professionals.	Parents, teachers, school nurses, pediatricians, mental health professionals, coaches, adolescent medicine specialists.	Young adults themselves, primary care providers (transitioning from pediatric to adult care), mental health professionals, academic advisors, employers.
Caregivers Roles	Caregivers as the main "health manager"		Children begin gaining autonomy over their care		Late adolescent manage their own health <u>with exceptions</u>



Legal age of consent: **12 to 18 years** ([Source](#))